







# Nairobi Forum Democratizing trade information across the continent

19 November 2020

Cyril Chalendard (ITC)









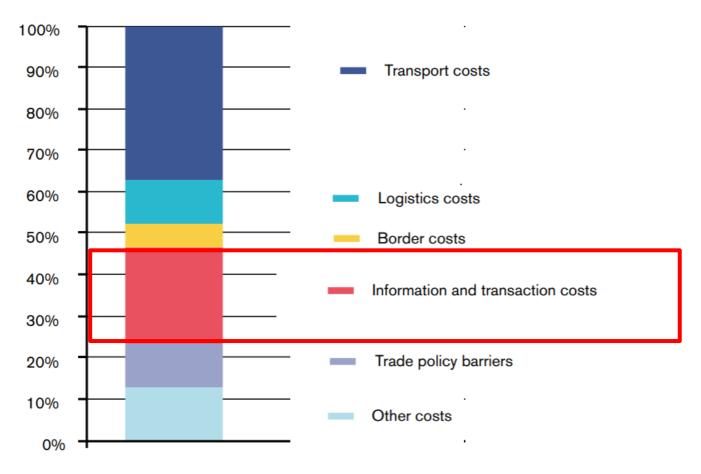
#### I. Continental trade

#### 1. Limited continental integration

- i) Level of intra-continental trade: 17% (vs. Europe: 69%).
- ii) Because of important trade costs

## Factors hindering the development of int. trade

#### Trade costs breakdown



Source: World Trade Report (WTO, 2018)

#### I. Continental trade

#### 1. Limited continental integration

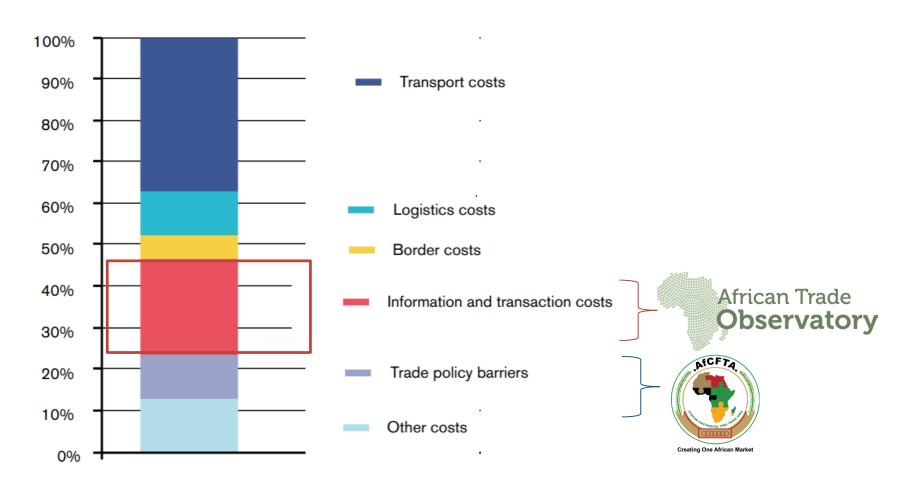
- i) Level of intra-continental trade: 17% (vs. Europe: 69%).
- ii) Important trade costs

#### 2. High transaction cost

- i) Limited availability of trade-related info
  - a. 1/3rd of countries do not have a functioning trade promotion portal
  - b. Only 50% of countries display online (relatively aggregated) trade stats
- => Unexploited export opportunities
- => Lack of evidence-based policymaking

### Factors hindering the development of int. trade

#### Trade costs breakdown



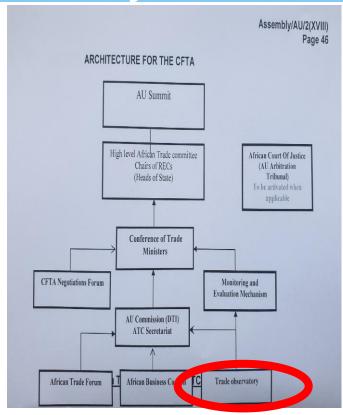
Source: World Trade Report (WTO, 2018)

### **II. African Trade Observatory**

#### **AU Heads of State and Government**

Decision Assembly/AU/2 (XVIII) to establish a Continental Free Trade Area (CFTA) and to endorse the Boosting Intra-Africa Trade (BIAT) Action Plan was adopted on January 18th, 2012





## Lead organization



## Implementing organization



## Funding organization



### Main objectives of the ATO

Collect, process and analyse trade and trade-related information from member states and other sources.

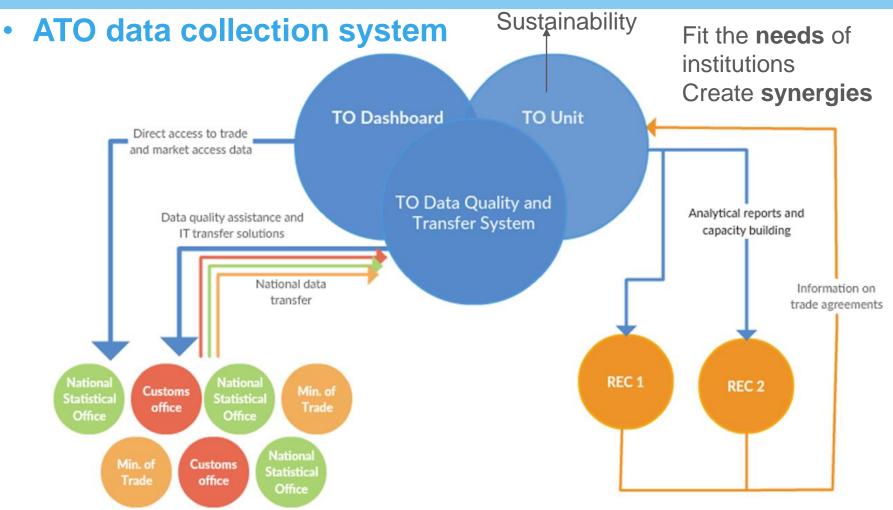
Monitor and evaluate the implementation process and impact of the AfCFTA and the BIAT.



Create an online Dashboard with relevant and detailed trade information on intra-African trade and opportunities for the public and private sectors.

Provide a secured online "Tariff Negotiation Tool" to countries involved in tariff negotiations.

### III. Improving the availability & quality of data



REC stands for Regional Economic Community (e.g. EAC, COMESA etc)

#### Automation of data transfer from customs to the ATO

- To generate innovative and updated indicators => real-time, granular & comprehensive data
- Installed in 3 countries (Comoros, Madagascar and Uganda) planned in Zambia

### IV. Providing trade intelligence to African businesses

Collect, process and analyse trade and trade-related information from member states and other sources.

Monitor and evaluate the implementation process and impact of the AfCFTA and the BIAT.



Create an online Dashboard with relevant and detailed trade information on intra-African trade and opportunities for the public and private sectors

Provide a secured online "Tariff Negotiation Tool" to countries involved in tariff negotiations.

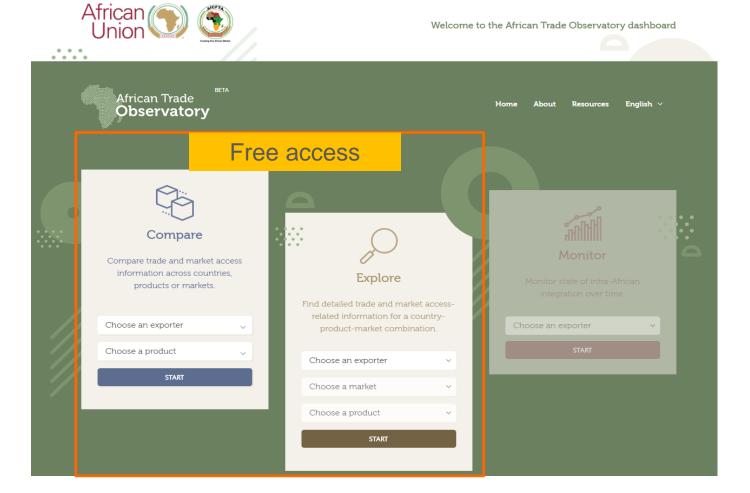
## A web platform designed to simplify SME's market research in the context of AFCFTA implementation

Provides access to trade intelligence

To compare challenges and opportunities of the African markets

To explore market access conditions and business partners to expand business within the continent

### ATO Dashboard – beta version



### V. Monitoring African integration

Collect, process and analyse trade and trade-related information from member states and other sources.

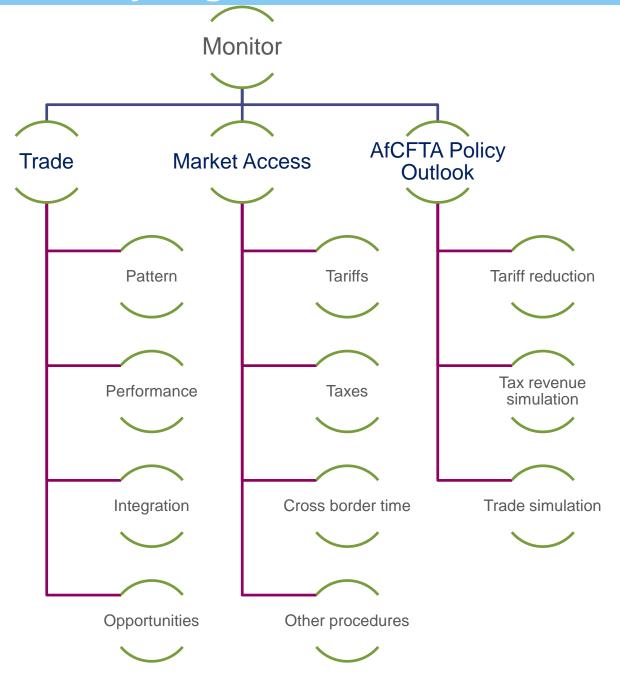
Monitor and evaluate the implementation process and impact of the AfCFTA and the BIAT.



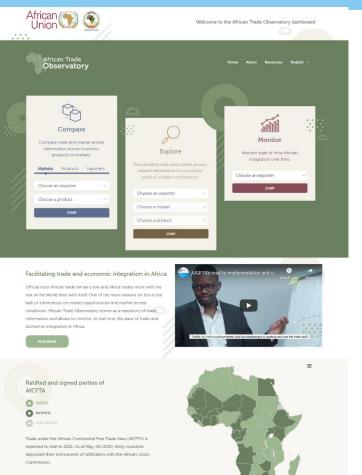
Create an online Dashboard with relevant and detailed trade information on intra-African trade and opportunities for the public and private sectors.

Provide a secured online "Tariff Negotiation Tool" to countries involved in tariff negotiations.

## **Analyzing African trade flows**



### **Next immediate steps**



Public release of the first 2 modules (Compare & Explore, beta version) during the next African Union Extraordinary Summit (December 2020).

ato.africa





















## Thank you for your attention

cchalendard@intracen.org













### **NAIROBI FORUM**

Trade Beyond Covid19: Unpacking the AfCFTA for East Africa /Kenya MSME's

E-commerce in the context of COVID-19

A presentation by: Sébastien Ioannitis-McColl

Date: 19 November 2020



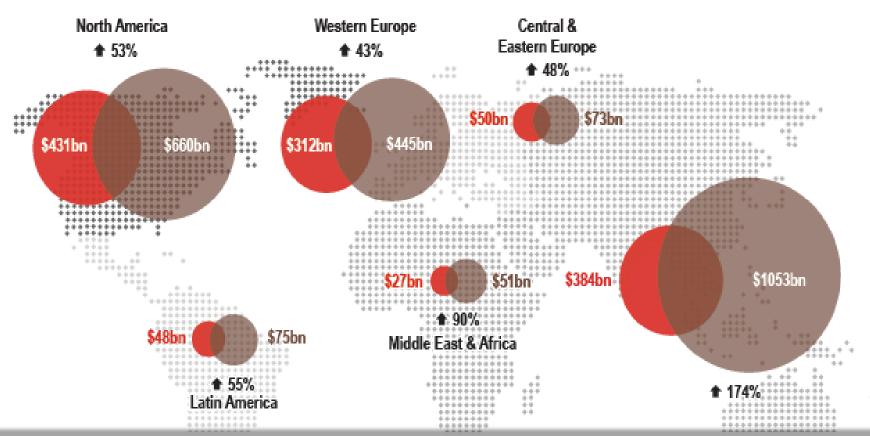


## Agenda

- 1 E-commerce and the African context
- 2 Offer & demand
- 3 Logistics
- 4 Communication
- 5 Marketing & Branding



## E-commerce potential in Africa, B2C sales (2013-2017)



The AfCFTA seeks to create an integrated African market of 1.27 billion consumers, expected to reach 1.7 billion by 2030. In some African countries, <18% of households have access to the Internet throughout the continent and <5% of the population currently buys online.

## Growth opportunity for Africa

E-commerce reconfigures the way sectors and markets work with a high potential for job creation, economic growth



### Offer & demand

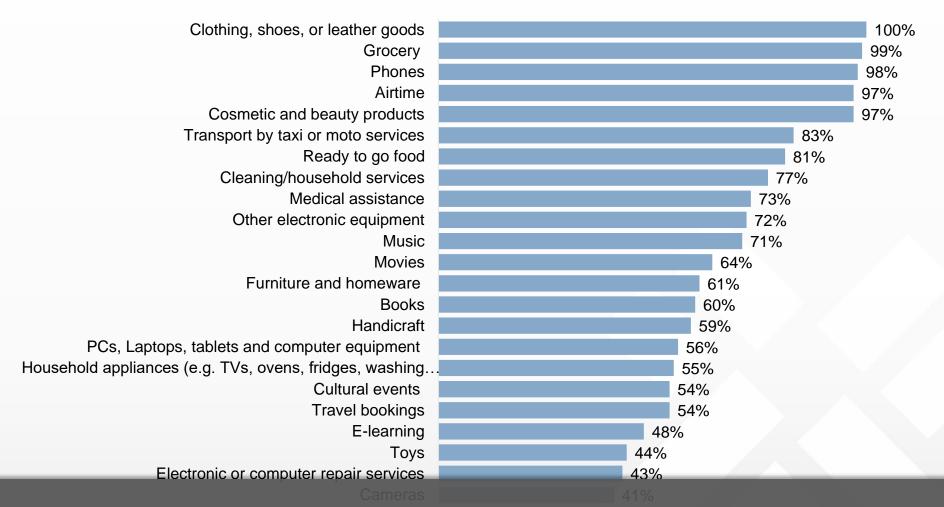
#### Issues

- Lack of knowledge about buyers preferences
- Lack of knowledge of competition
- Lack of strategy and unique positioning
- Lack of communication resources and efforts
- Lack of online buyers



## Offer & demand Knowledge of market demand

Example of Rwanda



Cross-border trade requires a better knowledge of markets, what buyers need and want, at what price, at what quality and at what time

## Offer & demand Key demotivators for online purchase

Example in Rwanda

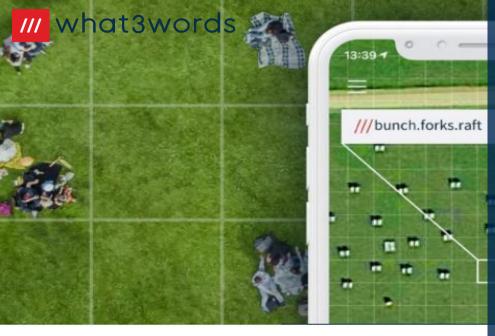




## Logistics

#### Issues

- High cost of logistics
- Challenges with timely delivery
- Challenges with delivery at the right place
- Lack of addressing system in Africa
- Lack of skilled drivers with a good knowledge of cities



## Logistics

Solution 1 – Addressing and accurate delivery (last mile delivery)

- Solutions like What3words
- GPS-based solutions
- Never get l

 Shippers to be equipped with GPSenabled devices

With the what3words app, it's easy to find, share and save precise

locations. Real-time tracking of shipment





#### Easily find a what3words address for anywhere in the world

We have divided the world into 3m squares and given each square a unique combination of three words. what3words addresses are easy to say and share, and as accurate as GPS coordinates.

51.520847, -0.19552100 ←→ /// filled.count.soap



## Logistics

Solution 2 – E-commerce Service Centre (ECSC) / E-fulfilment centre

- Consignment of suppliers' goods
- Trained and skilled staff handling logistics and returns
- Minimization of costs of shipping through consolidation
- Stronger negotiation power (due to volumes) to negotiate better prices with logistics partners
- Allows suppliers to focus on core activities



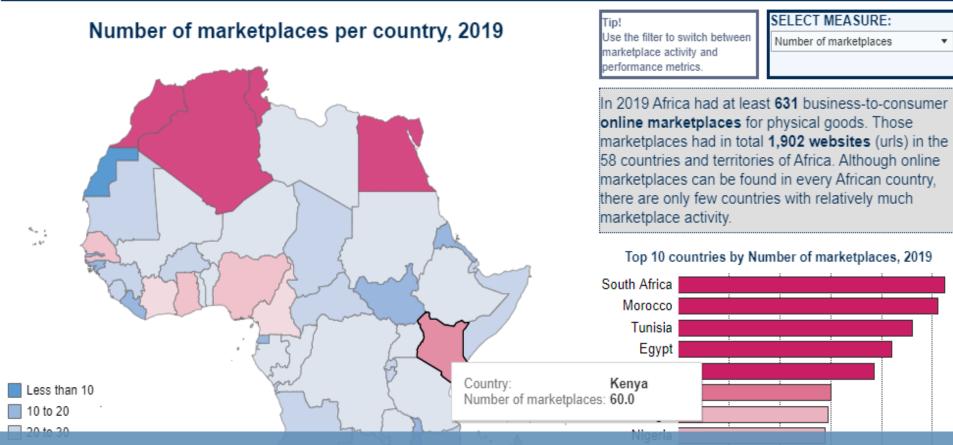
## Promotion

#### Issues

- High cost of promoting one's website, when one's brand is not well-known
- Difficulty to be found on the Web by buyers
- When found, difficulty to be trusted by buyers?



### Marketplace activity in Africa



### **Promotion**

- Selling thru online marketplaces (while keeping your own site)
- Subject to conditions of sales by the marketplace and transaction fee
- Need to develop more African marketplaces and the overall ecosystem

#### ITC's solution: Marketplace Africa

- Available at: https://ecomconnect.org
- Features
  - List of marketplaces per country, with product categories
  - Traffic on these marketplaces
  - Marketplace popularity index

## Promotion E-commerce Trustmark



Offered by partners worldwide as both national as well as global trust mark

To its core lies the Global Code of Conduce (GCC)

Developed the e-commerce Foundation,

## Promotion Reaching out to the customers



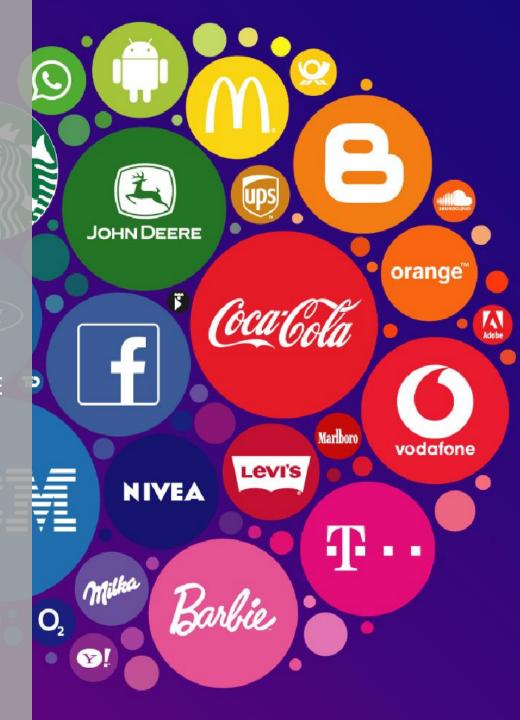


Economical solutions to reach out to buyers with advanced profiling (demographics, geographics, psychographics and lifestyle)

## Marketing & Branding

#### Issues

- Increased competition from African suppliers
- Challenged with being visible among this crowd
- Challenges with being chosen as THE one



## Marketing & Branding

Number of times on average profits are multiplied when a company develops a strong brand

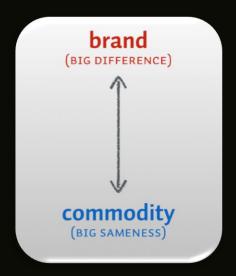
McKinsey

## Marketing & Branding



#### Main challenge for a weak brand

Vulnerability of a product/service considered as an interchangeable commodity



"The art of marketing is the art of brand building. If you are not a brand, you are a commodity. Then price is everygthing and the lowcost producer is the only winner."

Philip Kotler

## Marketing & Branding Importance of branding in B2B



Source: How B2B brands talk past their customers, McKinsey & Company (2014)

B2B customers across industries recognize that brand influences their decision

## Marketing & Branding Attitude of suppliers towards branding



(1) Ignorant

Micro-businesses serving local markets with no ambition for growth



(2) Users

Businesses of early growth which may not be entirely aware of the potential of branding



(3) Low cost producers

Phase of the need for a strategic orientation: some formal branding activities, but low price is the most important tool for good sales



(4) Differentiation producers

Utilize branding to back up their core strategic orientation. Strategically oriented to branding, operating in broader market

Source: "The role of branding in SMEs: Different perspective on the market", Slovene study, 176 SMEs surveyed



## Marketing & Branding Attitude of suppliers towards branding

Branding is first a strategic endeavour:
knowledge of customers needs and wants,
expected outcomes, purchasing habits and
occasions; knowledge of competitors;
knowledge of the context/environment;
defining a positioning that is unique and
meeting customers' needs better than the
competition. A logo is just the tip of the
branding iceberg.

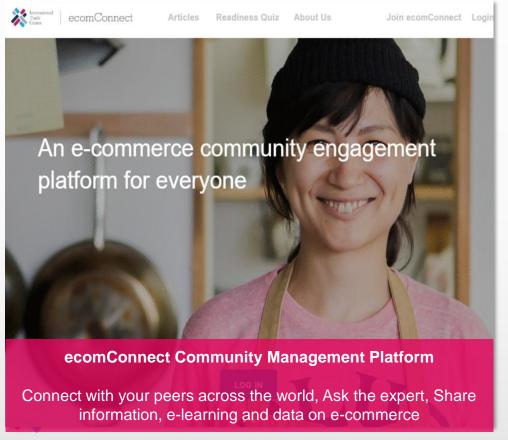


## ITC's ecomConnect platform and tools

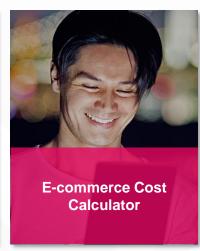
https://ecomconnect.org



## ecomConnect











### Thank you

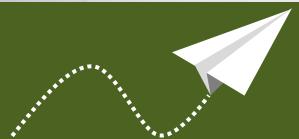
International Trade Centre (ITC)



Sébastien Ioannitis-McColl

Expert in e-commerce, marketing, branding Project Manager

ioannitis@intracen.org













#### **NAIROBI FORUM**

Trade Beyond Covid19: Unpacking the AfCFTA for East Africa /Kenya MSME's

Trade Promotion Organisations - Building Bridges for the AfCFTA

Miyoba Lubemba, Snr Programme Officer- Institutional Strengthening, ITC Date: 19th November 2020





#### Important Terminology

**TPO- Trade Promotion Organisation** 

**CCI- Chambers of Commerce and Industry** 

**BSO- Business Support organisations** 

TISIs- Trade and Investment Support Institutions











# Relevance of CCIs and BSOs

### Impact of TPOs





Chambers of Commerce are an essential and credible intermediary between government, business and the general public.







TPOs contribute to 5%–6% rise in GDP per capita and 7%–8% rise in exports (ITC study on ETPOs in collaboration with University of Geneva)













Resources and Processes

Product and Service Delivery

Measurement and Results



ITC's Benchmarking Model illustrates essential Organisational best practices https://www.tisibenchmarking.org/



### Leadership and Direction



- 1. Clear Mandate, collective purpose, inclusive membership and industry recognition
- 2. Governance structures and rules are appropriate and independent
- 3. **Strategy** is relevant, responsive to local and global conditions, industry trends
- 4. Accountability and risk management including audit controls
- 5. Credibility with stakeholders, collaborative strategic partnerships and alliances











#### Resources and Processes

1. Appropriate **human resources** and structure with competitive skills and capabilities



- 2. Solid **business model** and resource mobilisation for sustainable service delivery
- 3. Organisational **records** and knowledge management for innovation
- 4. Appropriate physical assets and **infrastructure**, including IT
- 5. Internal and external communication, clear and regular











#### Products and Service Delivery



- 1. Service offering based on client needs diagnostic, client data, business environment and export market prospects
- 2. Client **segmentation** and service delivery effectively managed
- 3. Services are readily **identifiable** and well supported by accessible information
- 4. Flexibility and responsiveness to strategic priorities











#### Measurement and Results

- 1. Well articulated **results framework** with clear indicators
- 2. **Monitoring and evaluation** is regular, supported by relevant tools





- 3. Data collection and reporting is robust, consistent and reliable
- 4. Member and client satisfaction is monitored and feedback used to improve strategy and services













# Game Changers for TPOs to Build Bridges











### 1. Put Enterprises First



Understand and prioritise **diagnosed** Enterprise Challenges, Service Needs and Opportunities in relation to AfCFTA

Focus support services on building Business Competitive Advantage and Export Readiness



Production Competence

Marketing Competence

Resource Management
Competence



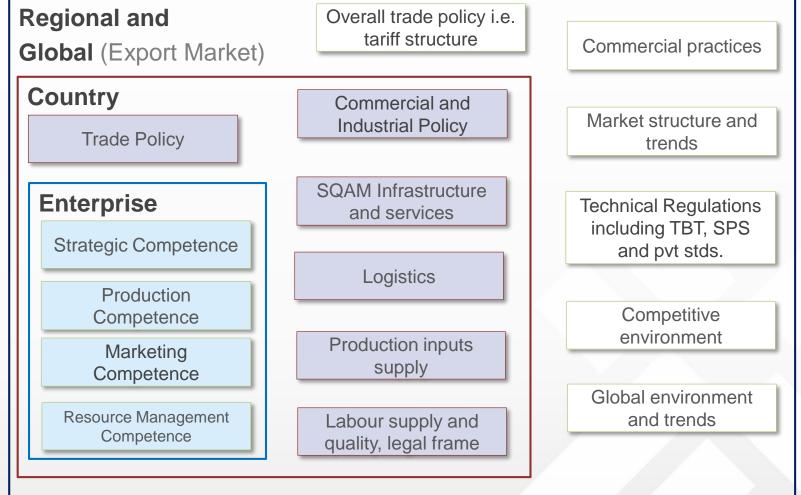








### 1. a. Enterprise Analysis in Context





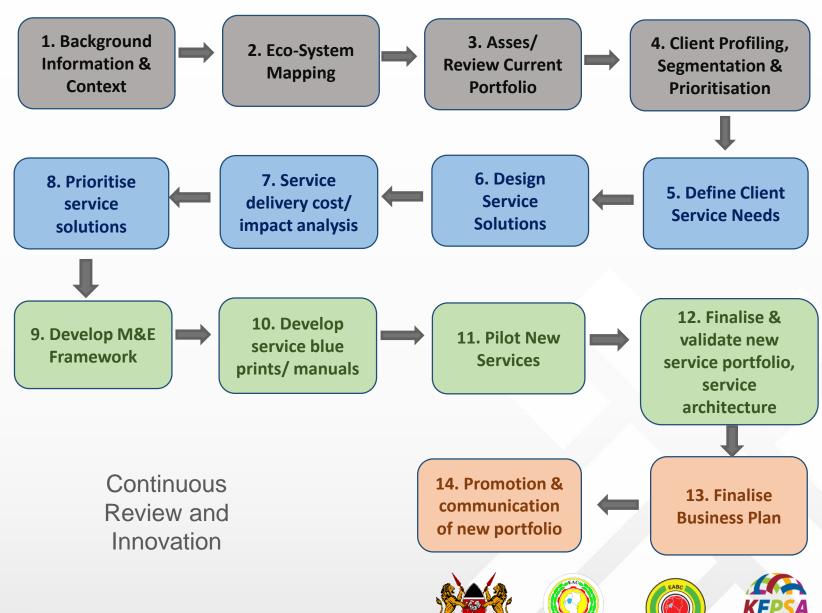








#### 1. b. Align Service Portfolio













#### 2. Prioritise Impactful Services













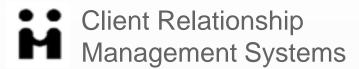






### 3. Build Critical Organisational Capabilities







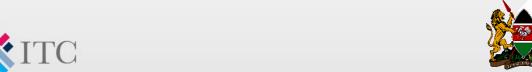
Human Resource Skills and Competencies



Knowledge Management Systems















## 4. Establish Strong Networks and Collaborative Partnerships





- Market Connections
- Capacity Building
- Technical Cooperation
- Knowledge Exchange
- Financial Support





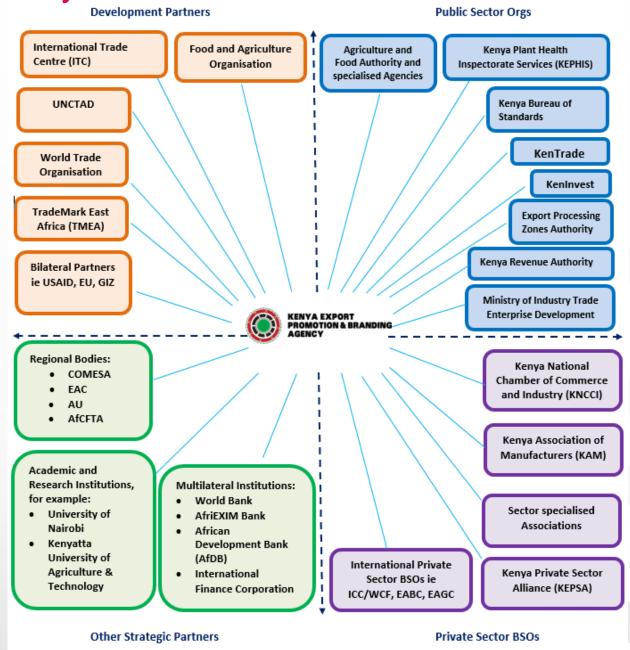




#### 4. a. Map the Eco-System

Which other actors offer services relevant for Exporters?

How can we Collaborate or Connect Exporters to services?





#### 5. Implement Robust Data Driven Digitalisation



- Implement smart data driven digitalisation
- Optimise machine learning for effectiveness and artificial intelligence for efficient service delivery and scale











#### 5. a. Useful Digitalisation Reference Cases



East African Grain Council's G-Soko <a href="http://g-soko.com/">http://g-soko.com/</a>



Kenya's National Electronic Single Window System <a href="https://www.kentrade.go.ke/">https://www.kentrade.go.ke/</a>



Ghana Export Promotion Authority's Market Hub-https://www.gepaghana.org/
Winner of ITC's 2018 WTPO Award for Best Use of Information Technology











#### 5. b. Useful Digitalisation Reference Cases

# ASEAN SINGLE WINDOW: Interoperability in 10 countries

Connects and integrates National Single Window (NSW) of ASEAN Member States to expedite cargo clearance and promote electronic exchange of border trade-related documents.

Preferential tariff treatment is based on the Electronic Certificate of Origin exchanged through the ASW.

The ASW Live Operation is expanding to include other documents (e.g. ASEAN Customs Declaration Document (ACDD), electronic Phytosanitary Certificate (e-Phyto), electronic Animal Health Certificate (e-AH) and electronic Food Safety Certificate (e-FS) Certificate

Source: https://asw.asean.org/













thank you!

Lubemba@intracen.org









